

Coronavirus disease (COVID-19)

Situation Report – 135

Data as received by WHO from national authorities by 10:00 CEST, 03 June 2020

Highlights

Basic psychosocial support skills are at the core of any mental health and psychosocial support intervention. To assist all those involved in the COVID-19 response, WHO has published guidance on [basic psychosocial skills](#).

At the Yemen High-level Pledging Conference, Dr Mike Ryan, Executive Director, WHO Health Emergencies Programme emphasized that COVID-19 was placing a major burden on the health system, already on the verge of collapse, and that despite the considerable efforts of WHO and partners in Yemen, [‘we need a massive scale-up of our COVID and non-COVID health operations to assist some of the most vulnerable populations in the world’](#).

On 29 May 2020, WHO and the International Labour Organization (ILO) hosted a webinar on returning to work in the context of COVID-19. For more information see the [‘Subject in Focus’](#) below.

A record number of countries have contributed data revealing disturbing rates of antimicrobial resistance. [WHO is concerned that the trend will further be fueled by the inappropriate use of antibiotics during the COVID-19 pandemic](#).

Situation in numbers (by WHO Region)

Total (new cases in last 24 hours)

Globally	6 287 771 cases (93 246)	379 941 deaths (3 621)
Africa	111 486 cases (3 365)	2 789 deaths (89)
Americas	2 949 455 cases (44 023)	165 311 deaths (2 063)
Eastern Mediterranean	552 497 cases (16 349)	13 181 deaths (282)
Europe	2 191 614 cases (15 681)	183 313 deaths (897)
South-East Asia	296 620 cases (12 775)	8 277 deaths (277)
Western Pacific	185 358 cases (1 053)	7 057 deaths (13)

Subject in Focus: Returning to work in the context of COVID-19

On 29 May 2020, WHO and the International Labour Organization (ILO) hosted a webinar on “*returning to work*” in the context of COVID-19. The webinar focused on how businesses and societies can adapt to ensure the safety of workers, their families and communities, and the sustainability of business operations as national restrictions are eased. It was attended remotely by over 1000 participants from across all six WHO Regions.

As businesses are restarted, workers and employees must confront a range of occupational safety and health hazards not limited to the risk of COVID-19 transmission, including psychosocial risks related to fear, stigma and job insecurity. [Safety measures to reduce transmission of COVID-19](#) will be necessary, ranging from enhanced hygiene and physical distancing, to mandatory use of personal protective equipment (PPE) in higher-risk settings where measures based on prevention of exposure cannot sufficiently reduce risk. Risk mitigation measures must reflect the features of, and risks related to, each specific job. To ensure they can be properly implemented and are working as intended, individual businesses must develop prevention and mitigation action plans in consultation with workers and their representatives based on assessment of occupational health risks and epidemiological situation; return to work should take place in a phased and controlled manner; sufficient resources must be put in place; and policies should be revisited and adapted as the situation changes.

Existing labour standards provide a normative framework for countries and employers to develop policies and guidance. Many of the issues raised by COVID-19 are already covered in a general manner by ILO conventions and recommendations such as the [Occupational Safety and Health Recommendation 164](#) and [Occupational Safety and Health Convention C155](#) which provide an overall framework for managing hazards in the workplace, in addition to sector-specific labour standards.

During the COVID-19 pandemic, WHO and the ILO have been working to meet the demand from stakeholders for reliable information to inform safe back-to-work strategies. The ILO has also launched a [portal](#) which brings together the latest news and recommendations related to COVID-19, including [specific guidance](#) for different sectors. The ILO’s recently-released [guidance note on safe and healthy return to work](#) aims to assist governments, as well as employers’ and workers’ organizations, in developing national policy guidance for a phased and safe return to work, and provide guidelines for workplace-level risk assessments and implementation of preventive and protective measures—which are summarized in the ILO’s [ten action points](#) tool. WHO has produced a [scientific brief](#) on modes of transmission of COVID-19.

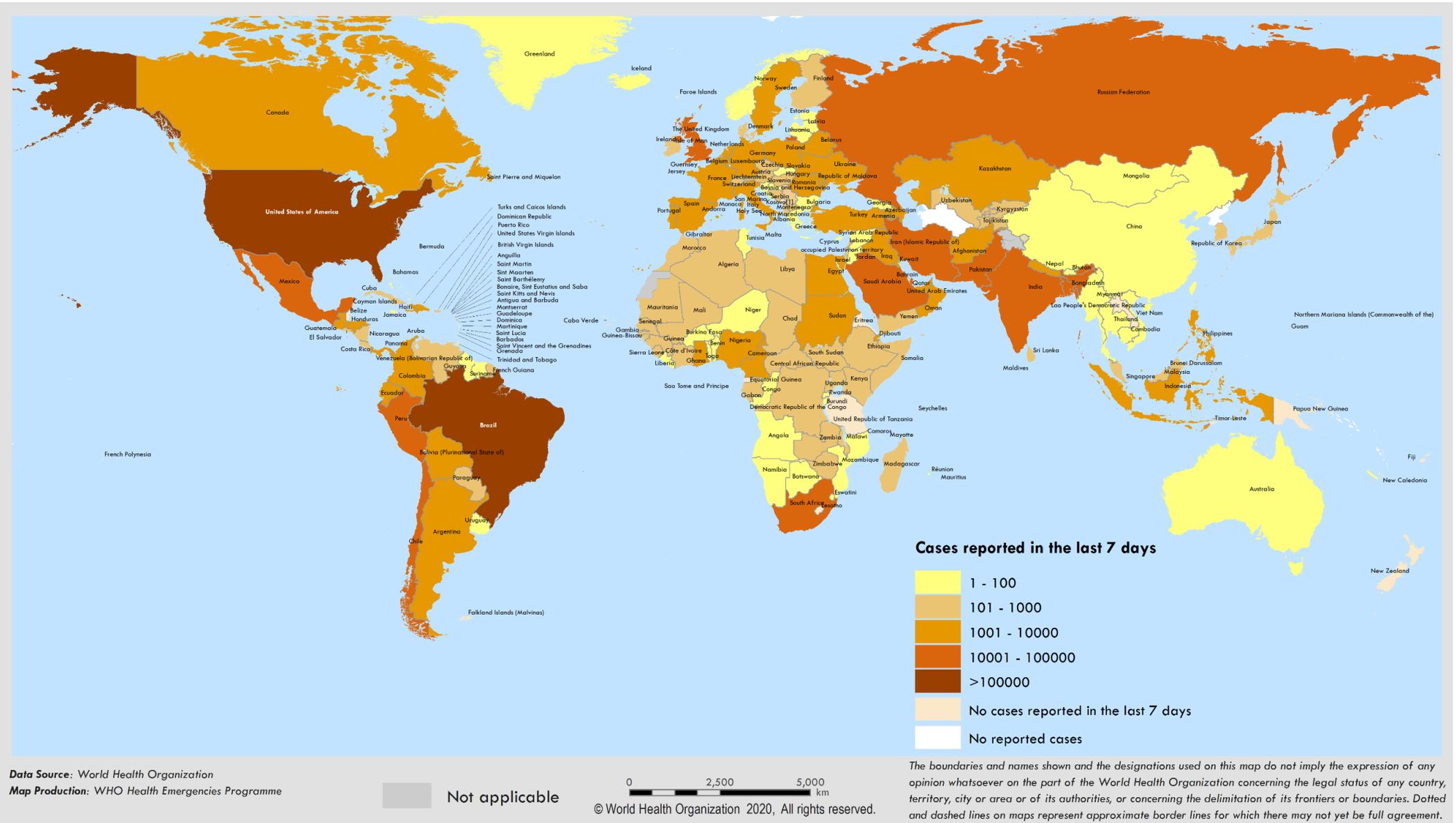
The Department of Health from South Africa shared current policy perspectives on easing restrictions and restarting the economy; touching upon many of the issues raised by the other speakers. Despite the continuing risk of COVID-19 transmission, the South African government recognised that the current policy of lockdowns and closure of businesses is not viable in the long term. To balance the two priorities of preventing a new wave of COVID-19 cases that could overwhelm the health system and safeguarding livelihoods, the government has adopted a phased approach to reopening with five alert levels, tailored to different provinces of the country, with different public health measures and restrictions on activities based on the current risk of COVID-19 transmission. Different sectors, including [mining](#) and the public sector, have been given guidelines for return to work at each alert level, along with restrictions that should remain after the lockdown, regardless of the alert level. Activity will be resumed in each sector using a phased approach, with no more than one third of workers returning to work at once. At the same time, safety measures will account for risks to workers as they commute, work, and interact with clients, consumers and the wider community. These efforts must be supported by the timely availability of high-quality data to identify potential cases, and inspections of workplaces to ensure measures are being implemented.

Social partners on the webinar emphasized that [every worker is essential and must be protected from COVID-19](#), and that [safe and healthy work conditions are a fundamental right](#). In the context of the COVID-19 pandemic, enhancing workplace safety is not just a concern for individual workers, but is vital to overall public health. The risks faced by workers do not just depend on their job role, but also on the type of relationship between workers and their employers. Policy-makers and businesses are called on to pay particular attention to protecting contract workers, migrant workers, and those in the informal economy. Return to work must also be accompanied by 'social protection' measures, particularly paid sick leave and protection against discrimination and harassment, to ensure no group of workers is unfairly disadvantaged.

As the world economy restarts and begins its recovery, the opportunity to take stock of lessons presented by the pandemic on the relationship between work, human health and environmental sustainability should not be lost. For its part, WHO has developed a [manifesto for a healthy and green recovery from COVID-19](#), with six prescriptions including protecting nature, investing in essential services, ensuring a quick healthy energy transition, promoting healthy and sustainable food systems, building healthy, liveable cities, and ending taxpayer subsidies for polluting activities.

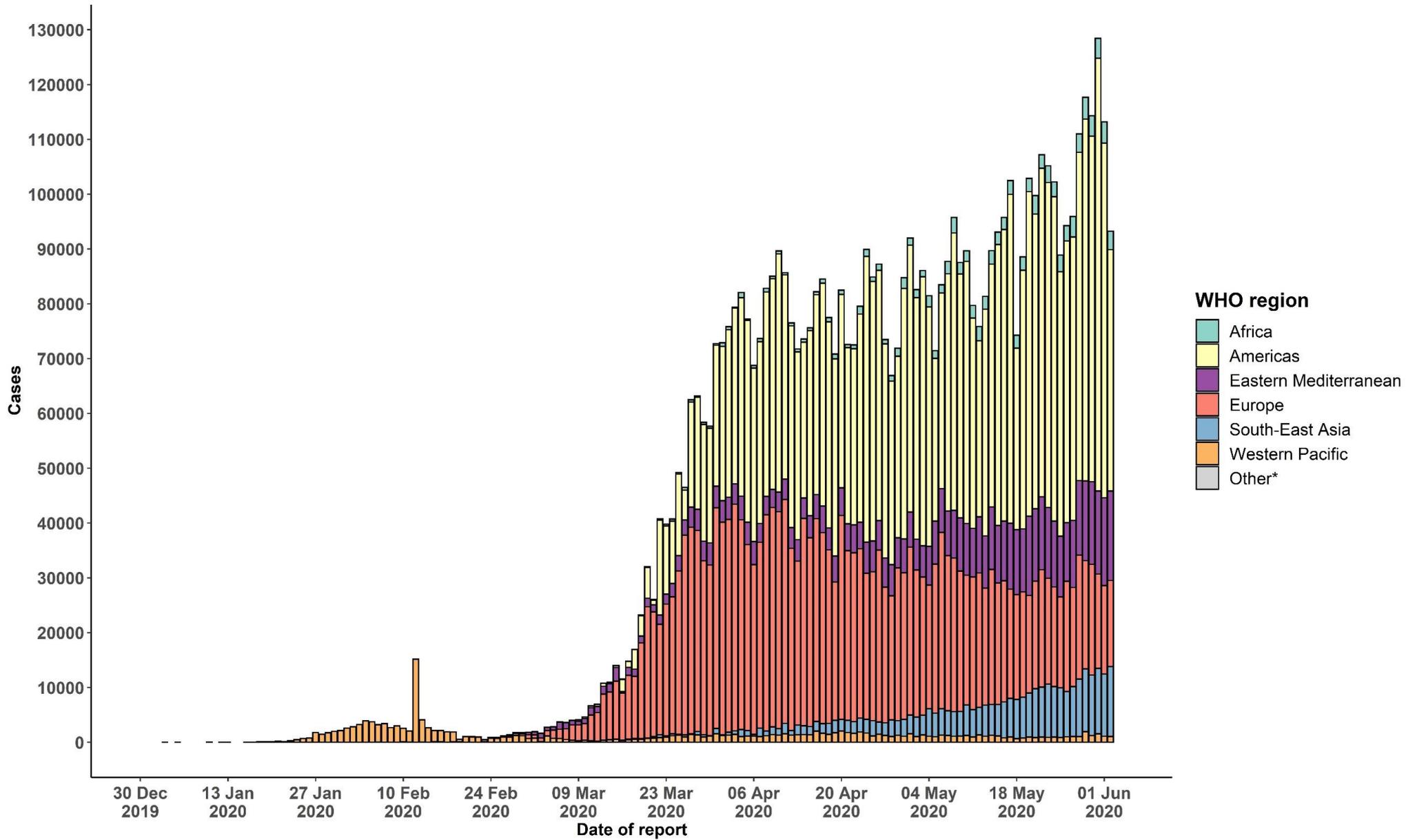
Surveillance

Figure 1. Number of confirmed COVID-19 cases reported in the last seven days by country, territory or area, 28 May to 03 June**



**See [Annex 1](#) for data, table and figure notes.

Figure 2. Number of confirmed COVID-19 cases, by date of report and WHO region, 30 December 2019 through 03 June 2020**



**See [Annex 1](#) for data, table and figure notes.

Table 1. Countries, territories or areas with reported laboratory-confirmed COVID-19 cases and deaths, by WHO region. Data as of 10 AM CEST, 03 June 2020**

Reporting Country/Territory/Area	Total confirmed cases	Total confirmed new cases	Total deaths	Total new deaths	Transmission classification ⁱ	Days since last reported case
Africa						
South Africa	35 812	1 455	755	50	Community transmission	0
Nigeria	10 819	241	314	15	Community transmission	0
Algeria	9 626	113	667	6	Community transmission	0
Ghana	8 297	227	38	2	Community transmission	0
Cameroon	6 585	188	200	1	Community transmission	0
Guinea	3 886	42	23	0	Community transmission	0
Senegal	3 836	97	43	1	Community transmission	0
Democratic Republic of the Congo	3 325	131	71	0	Community transmission	0
Côte d'Ivoire	3 024	73	33	0	Community transmission	0
Gabon	2 803	148	20	3	Community transmission	0
Kenya	2 093	72	71	2	Community transmission	0
Mali	1 351	36	78	0	Community transmission	0
Ethiopia	1 344	87	14	2	Clusters of cases	0
Guinea-Bissau	1 339	0	8	0	Community transmission	1
Zambia	1 089	0	7	0	Community transmission	1
Central African Republic	1 069	0	4	0	Clusters of cases	1
Equatorial Guinea	1 043	0	12	0	Community transmission	10
South Sudan	994	0	10	0	Clusters of cases	5
Niger	960	2	65	1	Community transmission	0
Sierra Leone	896	31	46	0	Community transmission	0
Burkina Faso	884	1	53	0	Community transmission	0

Reporting Country/Territory/Area	Total confirmed cases	Total confirmed new cases	Total deaths	Total new deaths	Transmission classification ¹	Days since last reported case
Madagascar	845	19	6	0	Clusters of cases	0
Chad	803	13	66	0	Community transmission	0
Congo	618	7	20	0	Community transmission	0
Mauritania	588	58	26	3	Clusters of cases	0
Uganda	586	128	0	0	Sporadic cases	0
United Republic of Tanzania	509	0	21	0	Community transmission	26
Cabo Verde	466	8	5	1	Clusters of cases	0
Togo	445	2	13	0	Community transmission	0
Rwanda	384	7	2	1	Sporadic cases	0
Malawi	358	22	4	0	Clusters of cases	0
Mauritius	335	0	10	0	Clusters of cases	4
Liberia	311	15	28	1	Community transmission	0
Mozambique	307	53	2	0	Clusters of cases	0
São Tomé and Príncipe	295	0	10	0	Clusters of cases	7
Eswatini	294	1	3	0	Clusters of cases	0
Benin	244	1	3	0	Community transmission	0
Zimbabwe	206	28	4	0	Sporadic cases	0
Angola	86	0	4	0	Clusters of cases	2
Burundi	63	0	1	0	Clusters of cases	2
Comoros	62	0	2	0	Community transmission	2
Botswana	40	2	1	0	Clusters of cases	0
Eritrea	39	0	0	0	Sporadic cases	45
Gambia	26	1	1	0	Sporadic cases	0

Reporting Country/Territory/Area	Total confirmed cases	Total confirmed new cases	Total deaths	Total new deaths	Transmission classification ¹	Days since last reported case
Namibia	25	0	0	0	Sporadic cases	1
Seychelles	11	0	0	0	Clusters of cases	57
Lesotho	2	0	0	0	Sporadic cases	11
Territoriesⁱⁱ						
Mayotte	1 986	52	24	0	Clusters of cases	0
Réunion	477	4	1	0	Clusters of cases	0
Americas						
United States of America	1 798 330	14 692	105 008	761	Community transmission	0
Brazil	526 447	11 598	29 937	623	Community transmission	0
Peru	170 039	5 563	4 634	128	Community transmission	0
Chile	108 686	3 527	1 188	75	Community transmission	0
Mexico	93 435	2 771	10 167	237	Community transmission	0
Canada	92 151	800	7 344	39	Community transmission	0
Ecuador	40 414	1 316	3 438	80	Community transmission	0
Colombia	30 493	1 110	969	30	Community transmission	0
Dominican Republic	17 752	180	515	13	Community transmission	0
Argentina	17 415	564	560	19	Community transmission	0
Panama	13 837	374	344	8	Community transmission	0
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	10 531	549	343	30	Community transmission	0
Honduras	5 362	160	217	5	Community transmission	0
Guatemala	5 336	249	116	8	Community transmission	0
El Salvador	2 653	71	46	0	Community transmission	0
Haiti	2 226	102	45	1	Community transmission	0
Cuba	2 092	9	83	0	Clusters of cases	0

Reporting Country/Territory/Area	Total confirmed cases	Total confirmed new cases	Total deaths	Total new deaths	Transmission classification ⁱ	Days since last reported case
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	1 662	152	17	3	Community transmission	0
Costa Rica	1 084	28	10	0	Clusters of cases	0
Paraguay	1 013	18	11	0	Community transmission	0
Nicaragua	950	65	35	0	Community transmission	0
Uruguay	825	2	23	1	Clusters of cases	0
Jamaica	588	7	9	0	Clusters of cases	0
Guyana	153	0	12	0	Clusters of cases	1
Trinidad and Tobago	117	0	8	0	Sporadic cases	2
Bahamas	102	0	11	0	Clusters of cases	1
Barbados	92	0	7	0	Clusters of cases	9
Suriname	53	26	1	0	Sporadic cases	0
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	26	0	0	0	Sporadic cases	2
Antigua and Barbuda	25	0	3	0	Clusters of cases	30
Grenada	23	0	0	0	Clusters of cases	7
Belize	18	0	2	0	Sporadic cases	49
Saint Lucia	18	0	0	0	Sporadic cases	29
Dominica	16	0	0	0	Clusters of cases	53
Saint Kitts and Nevis	15	0	0	0	Sporadic cases	43
Territoriesⁱⁱ						
Puerto Rico	3 935	62	138	2	Community transmission	0
French Guiana	517	18	1	0	Clusters of cases	0
Martinique	200	0	14	0	Clusters of cases	3
Guadeloupe	162	0	14	0	Clusters of cases	4
Cayman Islands	150	9	1	0	Clusters of cases	0

Reporting Country/Territory/Area	Total confirmed cases	Total confirmed new cases	Total deaths	Total new deaths	Transmission classification ¹	Days since last reported case
Bermuda	141	1	9	0	Clusters of cases	0
Aruba	101	0	3	0	No cases	28
Sint Maarten	78	0	15	0	Sporadic cases	20
United States Virgin Islands	70	0	6	0	Clusters of cases	1
Saint Martin	41	0	3	0	Sporadic cases	3
Curaçao	20	0	1	0	Sporadic cases	5
Falkland Islands (Malvinas)	13	0	0	0	Clusters of cases	38
Turks and Caicos Islands	12	0	1	0	Sporadic cases	36
Montserrat	11	0	1	0	Sporadic cases	50
British Virgin Islands	8	0	1	0	Sporadic cases	18
Bonaire, Sint Eustatius and Saba	7	0	0	0	No cases	8
Saint Barthélemy	6	0	0	0	Sporadic cases	64
Anguilla	3	0	0	0	Sporadic cases	60
Saint Pierre and Miquelon	1	0	0	0	Sporadic cases	56
Eastern Mediterranean						
Iran (Islamic Republic of)	157 562	3 117	7 942	64	Community transmission	0
Saudi Arabia	89 011	1 869	549	24	Clusters of cases	0
Pakistan	80 463	4 065	1 688	67	Clusters of cases	0
Qatar	60 259	1 826	43	3	Community transmission	0
United Arab Emirates	35 788	596	269	3	Pending	0
Kuwait	28 649	887	226	6	Clusters of cases	0
Egypt	27 536	1 152	1 052	47	Clusters of cases	0
Afghanistan	17 267	775	294	24	Clusters of cases	0
Oman	12 799	576	59	9	Clusters of cases	0

Reporting Country/Territory/Area	Total confirmed cases	Total confirmed new cases	Total deaths	Total new deaths	Transmission classification ⁱ	Days since last reported case
Bahrain	12 311	440	19	0	Clusters of cases	0
Morocco	7 866	33	206	1	Clusters of cases	0
Iraq	7 387	519	235	20	Clusters of cases	0
Sudan	5 310	137	307	9	Community transmission	0
Djibouti	3 779	210	25	1	Clusters of cases	0
Somalia	2 089	66	79	0	Sporadic cases	0
Lebanon	1 242	9	27	0	Clusters of cases	0
Tunisia	1 086	2	48	0	Community transmission	0
Jordan	755	9	9	0	Clusters of cases	0
Yemen	403	45	88	3	Pending	0
Libya	182	14	5	0	Clusters of cases	0
Syrian Arab Republic	123	0	6	1	Community transmission	1
Territoriesⁱⁱ						
occupied Palestinian territory	630	2	5	0	Clusters of cases	0
Europe						
Russian Federation	432 277	8 536	5 215	178	Clusters of cases	0
The United Kingdom	277 989	1 653	39 369	324	Community transmission	0
Spain	240 304	294	29 858	0	Community transmission	0
Italy	233 515	318	33 530	55	Community transmission	0
Germany	182 370	342	8 551	29	Community transmission	0
Turkey	165 555	786	4 585	22	Community transmission	0
France	147 935	- 840	28 883	107	Community transmission	0
Belgium	58 615	98	9 505	19	Community transmission	0
Netherlands	46 647	102	5 967	5	Community transmission	0

Reporting Country/Territory/Area	Total confirmed cases	Total confirmed new cases	Total deaths	Total new deaths	Transmission classification ¹	Days since last reported case
Belarus	44 255	852	243	3	Community transmission	0
Sweden	38 589	775	4 468	65	Community transmission	0
Portugal	32 895	195	1 436	12	Community transmission	0
Switzerland	30 791	3	1 656	0	Community transmission	0
Ireland	25 066	4	1 658	8	Community transmission	0
Ukraine	24 823	483	735	8	Community transmission	0
Poland	24 395	230	1 092	18	Community transmission	0
Romania	19 517	119	1 279	0	Community transmission	0
Israel	17 071	0	285	0	Pending	2
Austria	16 674	11	669	1	Community transmission	0
Kazakhstan	11 796	225	44	3	Clusters of cases	0
Denmark	11 734	35	580	4	Community transmission	0
Serbia	11 454	24	245	1	Pending	0
Armenia	10 524	515	170	12	Community transmission	0
Czechia	9 364	62	323	2	Clusters of cases	0
Republic of Moldova	8 548	188	309	2	Community transmission	0
Norway	8 446	35	237	1	Clusters of cases	0
Finland	6 887	2	320	0	Pending	0
Azerbaijan	5 935	273	71	3	Clusters of cases	0
Tajikistan	4 100	87	47	0	Pending	0
Luxembourg	4 020	1	110	0	Clusters of cases	0
Hungary	3 931	10	534	2	Community transmission	0
Uzbekistan	3 718	0	15	0	Clusters of cases	1
Greece	2 918	1	179	4	Clusters of cases	0

Reporting Country/Territory/Area	Total confirmed cases	Total confirmed new cases	Total deaths	Total new deaths	Transmission classification ⁱ	Days since last reported case
Bulgaria	2 538	25	144	0	Clusters of cases	0
Bosnia and Herzegovina	2 534	11	156	3	Community transmission	0
North Macedonia	2 391	76	141	1	Clusters of cases	0
Croatia	2 246	0	103	0	Community transmission	3
Kyrgyzstan	1 871	26	20	3	Clusters of cases	0
Estonia	1 870	0	68	0	Pending	1
Iceland	1 806	0	10	0	Community transmission	3
Lithuania	1 682	4	71	1	Community transmission	0
Slovakia	1 522	0	28	0	Clusters of cases	2
Slovenia	1 475	0	108	0	Clusters of cases	1
Albania	1 176	12	33	0	Clusters of cases	0
Latvia	1 079	8	24	0	Clusters of cases	0
Cyprus	952	3	17	0	Clusters of cases	0
Andorra	844	79	51	0	Community transmission	0
Georgia	800	4	13	1	Community transmission	0
San Marino	687	0	42	0	Community transmission	5
Malta	620	1	9	0	Sporadic cases	0
Montenegro	324	0	9	0	Clusters of cases	28
Monaco	98	0	1	0	Sporadic cases	10
Liechtenstein	83	0	1	0	Pending	38
Holy See	12	0	0	0	Sporadic cases	27
Territoriesⁱⁱ						
Kosovo ^[1]	1 080	13	30	0	Community transmission	0
Isle of Man	336	0	24	0	Pending	12

Reporting Country/Territory/Area	Total confirmed cases	Total confirmed new cases	Total deaths	Total new deaths	Transmission classification ¹	Days since last reported case
Jersey	308	0	29	0	Community transmission	5
Guernsey	252	0	13	0	Community transmission	31
Faroe Islands	187	0	0	0	Pending	40
Gibraltar	170	0	0	0	Clusters of cases	1
Greenland	13	0	0	0	Pending	5
South-East Asia						
India	207 615	8 909	5 815	217	Clusters of cases	0
Bangladesh	52 445	2 911	709	37	Community transmission	0
Indonesia	27 549	609	1 663	22	Community transmission	0
Thailand	3 084	1	58	0	Clusters of cases	0
Nepal	2 099	288	8	0	Sporadic cases	0
Maldives	1 841	12	7	1	Clusters of cases	0
Sri Lanka	1 683	40	11	0	Clusters of cases	0
Myanmar	233	5	6	0	Clusters of cases	0
Bhutan	47	0	0	0	Sporadic cases	1
Timor-Leste	24	0	0	0	Clusters of cases	40
Western Pacific						
China	84 602	5	4 645	0	Clusters of cases	0
Singapore	35 836	544	24	0	Clusters of cases	0
Philippines	18 997	359	966	6	Community transmission	0
Japan	16 986	56	900	6	Clusters of cases	0
Republic of Korea	11 590	49	273	1	Clusters of cases	0
Malaysia	7 877	20	115	0	Clusters of cases	0

Reporting Country/Territory/Area	Total confirmed cases	Total confirmed new cases	Total deaths	Total new deaths	Transmission classification ⁱ	Days since last reported case
Australia	7 221	17	103	0	Clusters of cases	0
New Zealand	1 154	0	22	0	Clusters of cases	12
Viet Nam	328	0	0	0	Clusters of cases	3
Mongolia	185	0	0	0	Sporadic cases	1
Brunei Darussalam	141	0	2	0	Clusters of cases	26
Cambodia	125	0	0	0	Sporadic cases	4
Lao People's Democratic Republic	19	0	0	0	Sporadic cases	51
Fiji	18	0	0	0	Sporadic cases	43
Papua New Guinea	8	0	0	0	Sporadic cases	41
Territoriesⁱⁱ						
Guam	169	2	5	0	Clusters of cases	0
French Polynesia	60	0	0	0	Sporadic cases	28
Northern Mariana Islands (Commonwealth of the)	23	1	2	0	Pending	0
New Caledonia	19	0	0	0	Sporadic cases	5
Subtotal for all regions	6 287 030	93 246	379 928	3 621		
Other*	741	0	13	0	Not applicable	-
Grand total	6 287 771	93 246	379 941	3 621		

**See [Annex 1](#) for data, table and figure notes.

Technical guidance and other resources

- To view all technical guidance documents regarding COVID-19, please go to [this webpage](#).
- Updates from WHO regional offices
 - [WHO AFRO](#)
 - [WHO EMRO](#)
 - [WHO EURO](#)
 - [WHO PAHO](#)
 - [WHO SEARO](#)
 - [WHO WPRO](#)
- [Research and Development](#)
- [Online courses on COVID-19](#) and in [additional national languages](#)
- [The Strategic Preparedness and Response Plan](#) (SPRP) outlining the support the international community can provide to all countries to prepare and respond to the virus
- [WHO Health Emergency dashboard](#)
- [Weekly COVID-19 Operations Updates](#)

Recommendations and advice for the public

- [Protect yourself](#)
- [Questions and answers](#)
- [Travel advice](#)
- [EPI-WIN](#): tailored information for individuals, organizations and communities

Case definitions

WHO periodically updates the [Global Surveillance for human infection with coronavirus disease \(COVID-19\)](#) document which includes surveillance definitions.

Definition of COVID-19 death

COVID-19 death is defined for surveillance purposes as a death resulting from a clinically compatible illness in a probable or confirmed COVID-19 case, unless there is a clear alternative cause of death that cannot be related to COVID-19 disease (e.g. trauma). There should be no period of complete recovery between the illness and death.

Further guidance for certification and classification (coding) of COVID-19 as cause of death is available [here](#).

Annex 1: Data, table and figure notes

Caution must be taken when interpreting all data presented. Differences are to be expected between information products published by WHO, national public health authorities, and other sources using different inclusion criteria and different data cut-off times. While steps are taken to ensure accuracy and reliability, all data are subject to continuous verification and change. Case detection, definitions, testing strategies, reporting practice, and lag times differ between countries/territories/areas. These factors, amongst others, influence the counts presented, with variable underestimation of true case and death counts, and variable delays to reflecting these data at global level.

The designations employed, and the presentation of these materials do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of WHO concerning the legal status of any country, territory or area or of its authorities, or concerning the delimitation of its frontiers or boundaries. Dotted and dashed lines on maps represent approximate border lines for which there may not yet be full agreement. Countries, territories and areas are arranged under the administering WHO region.

The mention of specific companies or of certain manufacturers' products does not imply that they are endorsed or recommended by WHO in preference to others of a similar nature that are not mentioned. Errors and omissions excepted, the names of proprietary products are distinguished by initial capital letters.

^[1] All references to Kosovo should be understood to be in the context of the United Nations Security Council resolution 1244 (1999). In the map, number of cases of Serbia and Kosovo (UNSCR 1244, 1999) have been aggregated for visualization purposes.

Counts reflect laboratory-confirmed cases and deaths, based on [WHO case definitions](#), unless stated otherwise (see Country, territory, or area-specific updates and errata), and include both domestic and repatriated cases.

Other*: includes cases reported from international conveyances.

Due to the recent trend of countries conducting data reconciliation exercises which remove large numbers of cases or deaths from their total counts, WHO will now display such data as negative numbers in the "new cases" / "new deaths" columns as appropriate. This will aid readers in identifying when such adjustments occur. When additional details become available that allow the subtraction to be suitably apportioned to previous days, graphics will be updated accordingly. Prior situation reports will not be edited; see covid19.who.int for the most up-to-date data.

Additional table notes

ⁱ Transmission classification is based on a process of country/territory/area self-reporting. Classifications are reviewed on a weekly basis, may be revised as new information becomes available, and are based on the highest category reported. Differing degrees of transmission may be present within countries/territories/areas. Categories:

- No cases: with no confirmed cases
- Sporadic cases: with one or more cases, imported or locally detected.
- Clusters of cases: experiencing cases, clustered in time, geographic location and/or by common exposures.

- Community transmission: experiencing larger outbreaks of local transmission defined through an assessment of factors including, but not limited to: large numbers of cases not linkable to transmission chains; large numbers of cases from sentinel lab surveillance; and/or multiple unrelated clusters in several areas of the country/territory/area.
- Pending: transmission classification has not been reported to WHO.

ii “Territories” include territories, areas, overseas dependencies and other jurisdictions of similar status.

Country, territory, or area-specific updates and errata

- **Update 3 June 2020, France:** Counts were retrospectively adjusted by national authorities: 840 cases were excluded